### Islamic laws of Inheritance

Ilm -Ul \_Miraas or Ilm Ul Faraidh

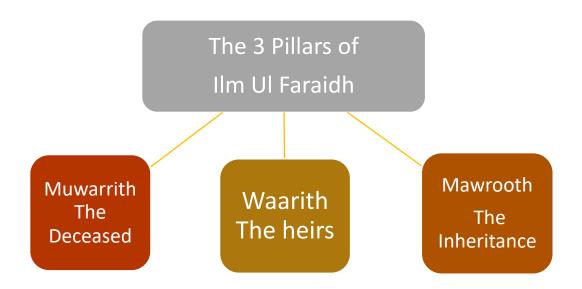
Rasulullah (sallallaahu `alayhi wasallam) has placed great emphasis on the importance of learning this knowledge. Among the narrations regarding `llm-ul-Faraa'idh, we find:

"I shall be taken away. Learn Faraa'idh and teach it (to others)."

"O people! Learn Faraa'idh. It is half of knowledge."

Predicting the disappearance of this knowledge, Rasulullah (sallallaahu `alayhi wasallam) has been reported to have said:

"The first (branch of) knowledge which will be taken away from my Ummah will be `Ilm-ul-Faraa'idh."



# **Conditions of Inheritance (Wirasat ke Sharait)**

# Muwarrith Deceased Warith Legal Heirs Mawanae Barriers The death of the deceased must be determined or confirmed. The legal heirs should be alive at the time of the deceased death. There should be no barriers (rukawat) to inheritance

## **Causes of Succession (Wirasat ke Asbaab)**

# Blood relationsParents/children

### Nikah

- Marital relation
- husband/wife

### Wala

- Release of a slave
- the master who freed the slave inherits slave's inheritance

# Impediments of Inheritance (Wirasat ke Mawanae)

**Slavery** - A slave cannot inherit nor can anyone inherit him/her

Murder - A killer cannot inherit from one whom he killed

**Difference in Religion** – A non muslim does not inherit a muslim and vice versa

Non legal heir - illegitimate child (wald-e-zina), adopted child

When a Muslim dies there are four duties which need to be performed.

- payment of funeral expenses
- > payment of his/ her debts
- > execution his/ her will
- distribution of remaining estate amongst the heirs according to Islamic Law

# Heirs (Wursaa)

### **Zaawil Furoodh**

- •They are all the heirs who have fixed shares prescribed to them.
- 4 Men
- Father
- Husband, Maternal Brother (akhyafi bhai)
- Paternal Grandfather (Dada)
- 8 women
- Mother
- Wife
- Daughter
- full sister (aini)
- Maternal Sister (akhyafi)
- Paternal sister(allati)
- maternal Grandmother (nani),
- Granddaughter from Son (poti)

### Asabaat

- After the zaawil furoodh get their respective shares, the left over estate (if any) will be given to them.
- 2 types
  - Asaba Nasabi
  - AsabaSababi

### Zaawil Arhaam

 These are relatives through the female line.